

JOYOSURAN ATLAS

What's happening in Joyosuran?

Joyosuran is a medium-density residential Kelurahan in the south of Solo. The Kelurahan is divided in half by Kali Jenes. Many small industries are here, such as steel-recycling and coffin-making. These local industries make Joyosuran a place of economic opportunity.



Joyosuran's Location in Solo

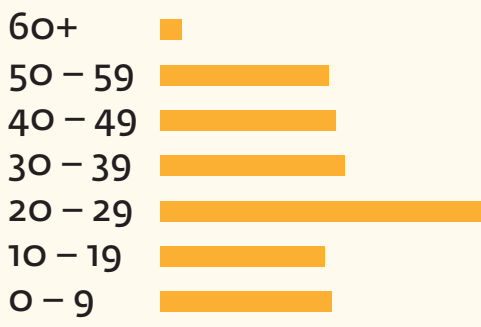
This Mini Atlas collects information about Joyosuran so everyone can see and know what is going on. Information

JOYOSURAN FAMILIES PROFILE

Population = 11,565
Households (HH) = 2,891
Average HH size = 4.0



Pop. by Age



about the condition of services can help people discuss what they want from the annual participatory budgeting process, *musrenbang*. Our goal is to make citizens more informed about their communities.

ASSETS

What are Kelurahan assets?

- ✓ Social solidarity
- ✓ Local employment centers
- ✓ Stable and mixed income population

What are potential issues?

- ✓ Drainage
- ✓ Groundwater quality
- ✓ Pollution in Kali Jenes from upriver Kelurahan

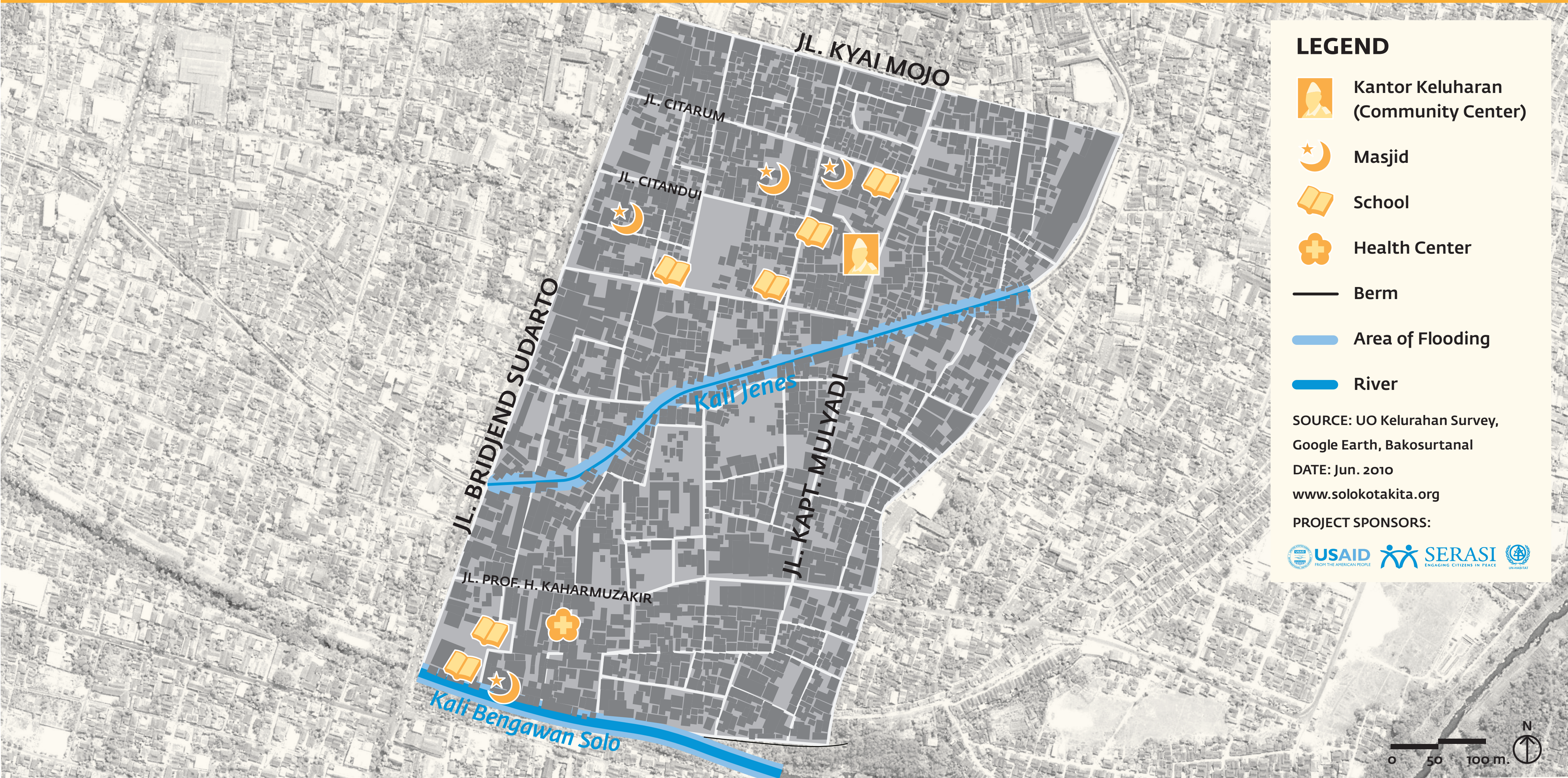


Children after School in Joyosuran

Social solidarity is high in Joyosuran. For example, many families share private wells, which is a sign of solidarity. Solidarity can help make *musrenbang* more effective and address Kelurahan needs.



JOYOSURAN NEIGHBORHOOD MAP



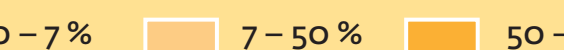
EDUCATION

Out of 1,564 children of school-going age, 48 are not in school. This is lower than the Kecamatan average of 7%. There are five elementary schools in the Kelurahan. This means children have a high level of access to education.

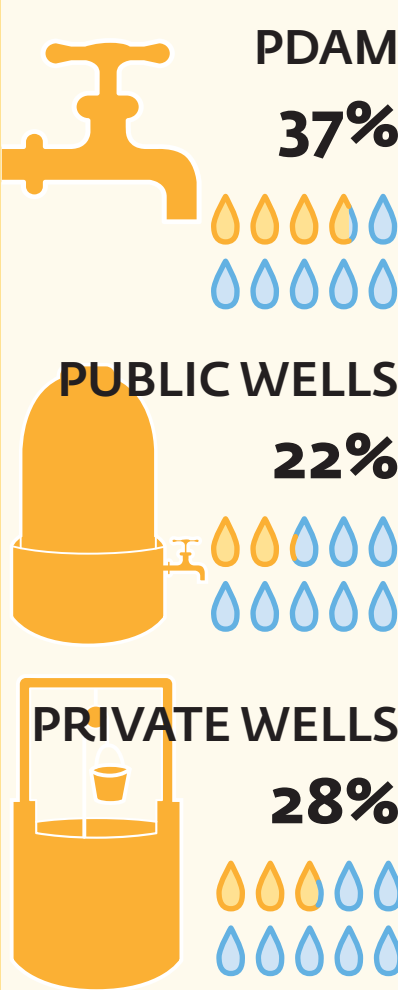
OUT OF SCHOOL 3% of children



% AGE 7 - 18 NOT IN SCHOOL



WATER



KELURAHAN PDAM
KECAMATAN PDAM

How can local government provide quality water to Joyosuran?

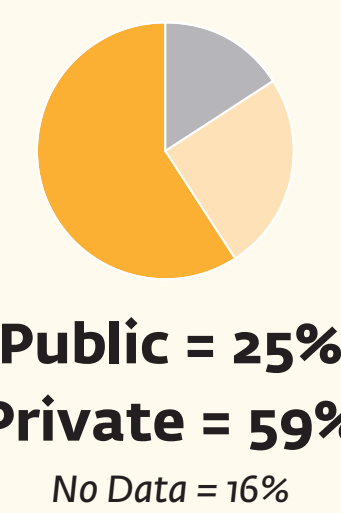
Residents say PDAM water is low quality. Because this is an established Kel., it is difficult to increase PDAM service here.

% HOUSEHOLDS WITH PUBLIC WELLS



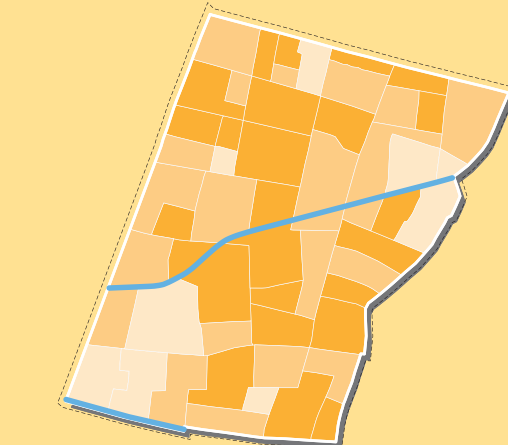
SANITATION

PUBLIC versus PRIVATE WC

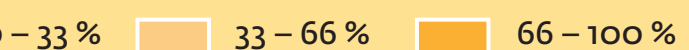


KEL. PRIVATE WC
KEC. PRIVATE WC

The use of private WC is higher than the Kec. average of 52%. This is an asset to the community since private WC reduces health and sanitation risks.



% HOUSEHOLDS WITH PUBLIC WC



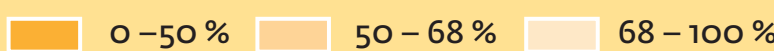
HOUSING

Should local government do more to address vulnerability related to land tenure? The city has already taken steps to reduce vulnerability by relocating residents from the riverbanks. There is low tenure near the rivers and on city-owned land in the southwest.

LAND TITLES = 75%

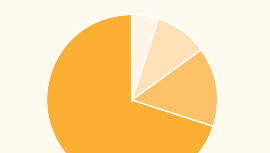


% HH WITH LAND TITLE



ECONOMY / POVERTY

TOP 4 OCCUPATIONS

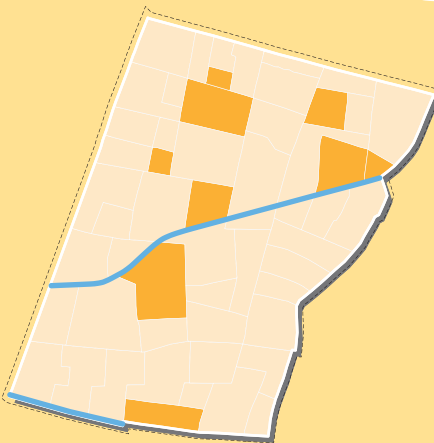


On Pension = 5%
PNS = 10%
Trader = 15%
Laborer = 70%

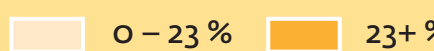
POVERTY RATE = 18%

Poverty is lower than the Kecamatan rate, which is 23%.

KEL. POVERTY
KEC. POVERTY



% HOUSEHOLDS IN POVERTY



HEALTH

COMMON HEALTH PROBLEMS

- 1 - Influenza
- 2 - Diarrhea

How can local government address disease related to drainage and flooding in Joyosuran?

Flooding and water quality are city-scale issues since pollution comes from batik and textile factories upriver from Joyosuran.

TOP HEALTH ISSUE

Water- and mosquito-borne health risks related to flooding and poor drainage.

